



PROSPECTUS

February 10, 2026

Institutional Class Shares

F/m US Treasury 3 Month Bill Fund - Institutional Class Shares (Ticker: TBFMX)

A Series of The RBB Fund, Inc.

This Prospectus describes the Institutional Class Shares (a conventional mutual fund share class) of the Fund. In addition to the Institutional Class Shares, the Fund also offers ETF Class Shares (an exchange-traded share class) through a separate prospectus.

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Summary Section	3
F/m US Treasury 3 Month Bill Fund - Institutional Class Shares (TBFMX)	3
Additional Information about the Fund	9
Management of the Fund	14
How to Buy and Sell Shares	15
Dividends, Distributions, and Taxes	23
Additional Considerations	26
Financial Highlights	28
For More Information	Back Cover

No securities dealer, sales representative, or any other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Prospectus or in approved sales literature in connection with the offer contained herein, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Institutional Class Shares of the F/m US Treasury 3 Month Bill Fund (the “Fund” or the “F/m UST 3M Bill Fund”) or The RBB Fund, Inc. This prospectus (the “Prospectus”) does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the securities offered hereby in any jurisdiction or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer.

SUMMARY SECTION

F/m US Treasury 3 Month Bill Fund - Institutional Class Shares (TBFMX)

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the F/m US Treasury 3 Month Bill Fund (the “F/m UST 3M Bill Fund” or the “Fund”) is to seek investment results that correspond (before fees and expenses) generally to the price and yield performance of the Bloomberg US Treasury Bellwether 3M Total Return USD Unhedged Index (I00087US) (the “Underlying Index”).

Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell Institutional Class Shares of the Fund, which are a conventional mutual fund share class. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries when purchasing or selling Institutional Class Shares, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):

	Institutional Class
Management Fees	0.15%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	None
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.15%

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in Institutional Class Shares of the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your Institutional Class Shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that: (1) your investment has a 5% return each year, and (2) the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>1 year</u>	<u>3 years</u>	<u>5 years</u>	<u>10 years</u>
Institutional Class	\$15	\$48	\$85	\$192

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. Portfolio turnover rates may vary from year-to-year, as well as within a year. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

In accordance with industry practice, derivative instruments and instruments with a maturity of one year or less at the time of acquisition are excluded from the calculation of the portfolio turnover rate, which leads to the 0% portfolio turnover rate reported above. If those instruments were included in the calculation, the Fund would have a high portfolio turnover rate.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund is a passively-managed portfolio that seeks investment results, before fees and expenses, that correspond generally to the price and yield performance of the Underlying Index. Under normal market conditions, F/m Investments LLC (the “Adviser”) seeks to achieve the Fund’s investment objective by investing at least 80% of the Fund’s net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in the component securities of the Underlying Index; provided, however, that in the event that the most recently auctioned outstanding US Treasury Bill that matures closest to, but not beyond, three (3) months from the rebalancing date is not included in the Underlying Index, then the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in the most recently auctioned outstanding US Treasury Bill that matures closest to, but not beyond, three (3) months from the rebalancing date.

The Underlying Index

The Underlying Index was established by Bloomberg Finance L.P. (the “Index Provider”) with history backfilled to January 1, 1981. It tracks the most recent or “on-the-run” (“OTR”) three (3) month US Treasury security and is rebalanced on the last day of each month. The Index Provider constructs a single hypothetical security that mirrors the terms, conditions, and pricing of the most recent US Treasury security issued by the U.S. government for the 3 Month issue. The hypothetical security is rolled to the new OTR Treasury security on the day after the treasury auction. On each day of the month, the hypothetical treasury is priced daily as per the OTR Treasury security it holds.

The Underlying Index is calculated and administered by the Index Provider, which is not affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. Additional information regarding the Underlying Index is available at [https:// assets.bbhub.io/professional/sites/27/Bloomberg-Index-Publications-US-Treasury-Bellwether-Indices-20241217.pdf](https://assets.bbhub.io/professional/sites/27/Bloomberg-Index-Publications-US-Treasury-Bellwether-Indices-20241217.pdf).

The Fund’s investment strategy is to pursue its investment objective. The Fund generally may invest up to 20% of its total assets in securities or other investments not included in the Underlying Index, but which the Adviser believes will help the Fund track the Underlying Index.

The Fund may invest in securities of other affiliated and unaffiliated ETFs registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), that invest primarily in Fund eligible investments (collectively, “Underlying Funds”) to the extent permitted by applicable law and subject to certain restrictions.

The Fund may also seek to increase its income by lending securities. These loans will be secured by collateral (consisting of cash, U.S. government securities, or irrevocable letters of credit) maintained in an amount equal to at least 100% of the market value, determined daily, of the loaned securities. Cash collateral received by the Fund in connection with its lending of portfolio securities will be invested in short-term investments, including money market funds.

The Fund may enter into reverse repurchase agreements in amounts not exceeding one-third of the Fund’s total assets (including the amount borrowed).

The Fund has elected to be, and intends to continue to qualify each year for treatment as, a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of Subtitle A, Chapter 1, of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

Principal Investment Risks

The value of the Fund’s investments may decrease, which will cause the value of the Fund’s Shares to decrease. As a result, you may lose money on your investment in the Fund, and there can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. The Fund’s principal risks are presented in alphabetical order to facilitate finding particular risks and comparing them with other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a “principal risk” of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears. Different risks may be more significant at different times depending on market conditions or other factors.

- **Affiliated Fund Risk.** Affiliated fund risk is the risk that the Adviser may select investments for the Fund based on its own financial interests or other business considerations rather than the Fund’s interests. The Adviser may be subject to potential conflicts of interest in selecting the Underlying Funds because the Underlying Funds pay an advisory fee to the Adviser based on their assets, the fees paid to the Adviser by some affiliated Underlying Funds may be higher than other Underlying Funds or the Underlying Funds may be in need of assets to enhance their appeal to other investors, liquidity and trading and/or to enable them to carry out their investment strategies. However, the Adviser is a fiduciary to the Fund and is legally obligated to act in the Fund’s best interest when selecting Underlying Funds.
- **Concentration Risk.** The Fund may be susceptible to an increased risk of loss, including losses due to adverse events that affect the Fund’s investments more than the market as a whole, to the extent that the Fund’s investments are concentrated in a particular issue, issuer or issuers, country, market segment, or asset class.
- **Cyber Security Risk.** Cyber security risk is the risk of an unauthorized breach and access to the Fund’s assets, Fund or customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or the risk of an incident occurring that causes the Fund, the Adviser, custodian, transfer agent, distributor and other service providers and financial intermediaries to suffer data breaches, data corruption or lose operational functionality or prevent the Fund’s investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares or receiving distributions. The use of artificial intelligence and machine learning could exacerbate these risks. The Fund and the Adviser have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cyber security incidents affecting third-party service providers, and such third-party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the Fund or the Adviser. Successful cyber-attacks or other cyber-failures or events affecting the Fund or its

service providers may adversely impact and cause financial losses to the Fund or its shareholders. Issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cyber security risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cyber-attacks or other cyber-failures.

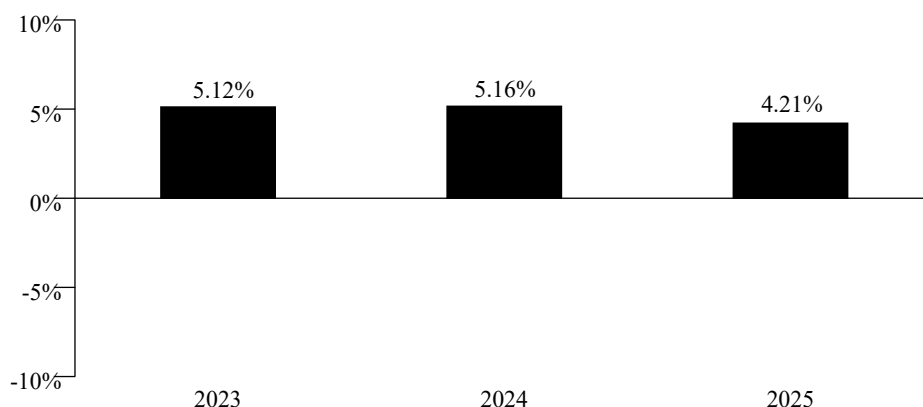
- **Duration Risk.** Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a debt security or portfolio to interest rate changes. Duration risk is the risk that longer-duration debt securities will be more volatile and thus more likely to decline in price, and to a greater extent, in a rising interest rate environment than shorter-duration debt securities.
- **Fixed-Income Market Risk.** The market value of a fixed-income security may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular issuer, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The fixed-income securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates). An unexpected increase in Fund redemption requests, including requests from shareholders who may own a significant percentage of Shares, which may be triggered by market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the Fund to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the Share price and increase the Fund's liquidity risk, expenses and/or taxable distributions.
- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk.** In seeking to track the Underlying Index, the Fund may incur relatively high portfolio turnover. The active and frequent trading of the Fund's portfolio securities may result in increased transaction costs to the Fund, including brokerage commissions, dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs, which could reduce the Fund's return.
- **Income Risk.** The Fund's income may decline if interest rates fall. This decline in income can occur because the Fund may subsequently invest in lower yielding bonds as bonds in its portfolio mature, are near maturity or are called, bonds in the Underlying Index are substituted, or the Fund otherwise needs to purchase additional bonds.
- **Index-Related Risk.** There is no guarantee that the Fund's investment results will have a high degree of correlation to those of the Underlying Index or that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. Market disruptions and regulatory restrictions could have an adverse effect on the Fund's ability to adjust its exposure to the required levels in order to track the Underlying Index. Errors in index data, index computations or the construction of the Underlying Index in accordance with its methodology may occur from time to time and may not be identified and corrected by the Index Provider for a period of time or at all, which may have an adverse impact on the Fund and its shareholders. Unusual market conditions may cause the Index Provider to postpone a scheduled rebalance, which could cause the Underlying Index to vary from its normal or expected composition.
- **Interest Rate Risk.** Interest rate risk is the risk of losses attributable to changes in interest rates. In general, if prevailing interest rates rise, the values of debt instruments tend to fall, and if interest rates fall, the values of debt instruments tend to rise. Changes in the value of a debt instrument usually will not affect the amount of income the Fund receives from it but will generally affect the value of your investment in the Fund. Changes in interest rates may also affect the liquidity of the Fund's investments in debt instruments. In general, the longer the maturity or duration of a debt instrument, the greater its sensitivity to changes in interest rates. Interest rate declines also may increase prepayments of debt obligations, which, in turn, would increase prepayment risk. Very low or negative interest rates may impact the Fund's yield and may increase the risk that, if followed by rising interest rates, the Fund's performance will be negatively impacted. The Fund is subject to the risk that the income generated by its investments may not keep pace with inflation. Actions by governments and central banking authorities can result in increases or decreases in interest rates. Such actions may negatively affect the value of debt instruments held by the Fund, resulting in a negative impact on the Fund's performance and NAV. Any interest rate increases could cause the value of the Fund's investments in debt instruments to decrease. Rising interest rates may prompt redemptions from the Fund, which may force the Fund to sell investments at a time when it is not advantageous to do so, which could result in losses.
- **Market Risk.** Financial markets rise and fall in response to a variety of factors, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. Markets may be impacted by economic, political, regulatory and other conditions, including economic sanctions and other government actions. In addition, the occurrence of global events, such as war, terrorism, environmental disasters, natural disasters and epidemics, may also negatively affect the financial markets. As with any investment whose performance is tied to these markets, the value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate, which means that an investor could lose money over short or long periods of time.

- **Operational Risk.** The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties, or other third parties, failed or inadequate processes or technology or systems failures. The Fund and the Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address significant operational risks.
- **Passive Investment Risk.** The Fund is not actively managed and may be affected by a general decline in market segments related to the Underlying Index. The Fund invests in securities included in, or representative of, the Underlying Index, regardless of their investment merits. The Fund generally does not attempt to invest the Fund's assets in defensive positions under any market conditions, including declining markets.
- **Reinvestment Risk.** Reinvestment risk is the risk that income from the Fund's portfolio will decline if and when the Fund reinvests the proceeds from the disposition of its portfolio securities at market interest rates that are below the portfolio's current earnings rate. A decline in income could negatively affect the market price of the Shares.
- **Reverse Repurchase Agreements Risk.** Reverse repurchase agreements are a form of secured borrowing and subject the Fund to the risks associated with leverage, including exposure to potential gains and losses in excess of the amount invested, resulting in an increase in the speculative character of the Fund's outstanding Shares. Reverse repurchase agreements involve the risk that the investment return earned by the Fund (from the investment of the proceeds) will be less than the interest expense of the transaction, that the market value of the securities sold by the Fund will decline below the price the Fund is obligated to pay to repurchase the securities, and that the other party may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all.
- **Risk of Investing in the United States.** Certain changes in the United States economy, such as when the economy weakens or when its financial markets decline, may have an adverse effect on the securities to which the Fund has exposure.
- **Securities Lending Risk.** The Fund may lend portfolio securities to institutions, such as certain broker dealers. The Fund may experience a loss or delay in the recovery of its securities if the borrowing institution breaches its agreement with the Fund.
- **Tracking Error Risk.** The Fund may be subject to tracking error, which is the divergence of the Fund's performance from that of the Underlying Index. Tracking error may occur because of differences between the securities and other instruments held in the Fund's portfolio and those included in the Underlying Index, pricing differences, transaction costs incurred by the Fund, the Fund's holding of uninvested cash, differences in timing of the accrual of or the valuation of distributions, the requirements to maintain pass-through tax treatment, portfolio transactions carried out to minimize the distribution of capital gains to shareholders, acceptance of custom baskets, changes to the Underlying Index or the costs to the Fund of complying with various new or existing regulatory requirements. This risk may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions. Tracking error also may result because the Fund incurs fees and expenses, while the Underlying Index does not.
- **U.S. Government Obligations Risk.** While U.S. Treasury obligations are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the U.S. government, such securities are nonetheless subject to credit risk (i.e., the risk that the U.S. government may be, or be perceived to be, unable or unwilling to honor its financial obligations, such as making payments). Securities issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or authorities and U.S. government-sponsored instrumentalities or enterprises may or may not be backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

Performance Information: The bar chart and performance table illustrate the risks and volatility of an investment in the Fund. The Institutional Class Shares are a new mutual fund class of shares for which performance information is not available, and accordingly the bar chart shows, for periods prior to the inception of the Fund's Institutional Class Shares, the performance of the Fund's ETF Class Shares (the Fund's oldest class of shares, which are exchange-traded and not offered in this Prospectus) from year-to-year. The table illustrates how the average annual total returns for ETF Class Shares for the one-year and since-inception periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance and another benchmark with similar portfolio characteristics to the Fund. Returns of the ETF Class Shares of the Fund may vary from the returns of the Institutional Class Shares offered by this Prospectus to the extent the expenses of the share classes differ.

Past performance, both before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available online at www.fminvest.com.

Total Returns for the Calendar Years Ended December 31⁽¹⁾



Best Quarter: 1.36% in the quarter ended September 30, 2024

Worst Quarter: 1.01% in the quarter ended March 31, 2025

PERFORMANCE TABLE⁽¹⁾

(Average annual total returns for the periods ended December 31, 2025)

F/m UST 3M Bill Fund - ETF Class Shares	1 Year	Since Inception, August 8, 2022
Return Before Taxes	4.21%	4.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	2.50%	2.76%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	2.47%	2.74%
Bloomberg US Treasury Bellwether 3M Total Return USD	4.23%	4.69%
ICE BofA 3 Month Treasury Bill Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	4.21%	4.64%
ICE US Treasury Core Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	6.19%	1.68%

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2025, Institutional Class Shares of the Fund had not yet been incepted. Performance shown prior to the inception date of the Institutional Class Shares is from the Fund's ETF Class Shares, an exchange-traded class not offered by this Prospectus. Returns of the ETF Class Shares of the Fund may vary from the returns of the Institutional Class Shares offered by this Prospectus to the extent the expenses of the share classes differ.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund Shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for ETF Class Shares only, and the after-tax returns for Institutional Class Shares will vary to the extent the expenses of the share classes differ.

Management

Investment Adviser

F/m Investments LLC serves as the investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers

Team Member	Primary Titles	Start Date with F/m UST 3M Bill Fund
Peter Baden	Managing Director, Director of Fixed Income Strategy	August 2022
Alexander Morris	Chief Investment Officer	August 2022
Marcin Zdunek	Managing Director, Head of Capital Markets & Portfolio Manager	December 2022

Purchase and Sale of Institutional Class Shares of the F/m UST 3M Bill Fund

As of the date of this Prospectus, Institutional Class Shares of the Fund are available only at the discretion of the Fund and the Adviser. The Fund or the Adviser may reject any purchase order for any reason. For Institutional Class Shares of the Fund, the minimum initial investment is \$10,000 and the subsequent minimum investment is \$1,000.

Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount for the Institutional Class Shares by aggregating multiple accounts within the Fund if desired. Account minimums may be waived for accounts held by clients of the Adviser or for certain other accounts, at the discretion of the Adviser.

Investors can purchase and redeem Shares of the Fund only on days the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open. Shares of the Fund may be available through certain brokerage firms, financial institutions and other industry professionals (collectively, “Service Organizations”). Certain features of the Shares, such as the initial and minimums and certain trading restrictions, may be modified or waived by Service Organizations, as further detailed in the section entitled “Purchase of Fund Shares – Purchases Through Intermediaries.” Shares of the Fund may also be purchased and redeemed directly through The RBB Fund, Inc. (the “Company”) by the means described below.

Purchase and Redemption By Mail:

F/m Investments

For the F/m US Benchmark Series - Institutional Class Shares

c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services

PO Box 219252

Kansas City, MO 64121-9252

Overnight Mail:

F/m Investments

For the F/m US Benchmark Series - Institutional Class Shares

c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services

801 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 219252

Kansas City, MO 64105-1307

Purchase By Wire:

Before sending any wire, call U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, doing business as U.S. Bank Global Fund Services (the “Transfer Agent”) at 800-292-6775 to confirm the current wire instructions for the Fund.

Redemption By Telephone:

Call the Transfer Agent at 800-292-6775.

Tax Information

Except for tax-advantaged retirement plans and accounts and other tax-exempt investors, you will be subject to tax to the extent the Fund makes distributions of ordinary income or net capital gains. Distributions may be taxable upon withdrawal from retirement accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund may pay the intermediary for the sale of Shares and other related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek investment results that correspond (before fees and expenses) generally to the price and yield performance of the Bloomberg US Treasury Bellwether 3M Total Return USD Unhedged Index (I00087US) (the “Underlying Index”). The Fund’s investment objective has been adopted as a non-fundamental investment policy and may be changed without shareholder approval upon 60 days’ written notice to shareholders.

The 80% Policy of the Fund is non-fundamental and can be changed by the Board upon sixty (60) days’ prior notice to shareholders. The Fund must comply with its 80% Policy at the time the Fund invests its assets. Accordingly, when the Fund no longer meets the 80% requirement as a result of circumstances beyond its control, such as changes in the value of portfolio holdings, the Fund would not have to sell its holdings, but any new investments it makes would be consistent with its 80% Policy.

Share Class Information

In addition to the mutual fund share class – Institutional Class Shares – offered by this Prospectus, the Fund offers ETF Class Shares (an exchange-traded class of shares) through a separate prospectus. All share classes offered by the Fund have the same investment objective, strategies, and policies. However, to the extent the different share classes have different fees and expenses, their investment returns may differ. Please see the section below entitled “Multi-Class ETF Fund Structure” for more information.

Additional Principal Risk Information

The value of the Fund’s investments may decrease, which will cause the value of Shares of the Fund to decrease. As a result, you may lose money on your investment in the Fund, and there can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. An investment in the Fund is subject to one or more of the principal risks discussed below.

- **Affiliated Fund Risk.** The Fund may invest in affiliated and unaffiliated Underlying Funds. When the Adviser invests the Fund’s assets in an Underlying Fund that is also managed by the Adviser, the risk presented is that, due to its own financial interest or other business considerations, the Adviser may have had an incentive to make that investment in lieu of investments by the Fund directly in portfolio securities, or in lieu of investment in Underlying Funds sponsored or managed by others. This conflict of interest may be amplified when an Underlying Fund has low assets.
- **Asset Class Risk.** The securities and other assets in the Fund’s portfolios may underperform in comparison to other securities or indexes that track other countries, groups of countries, regions, industries, groups of industries, markets, market segments, asset classes or sectors. Various types of securities, currencies and indexes may experience cycles of outperformance in comparison to the general financial markets, depending on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, inflation, interest rates, productivity, global demand for local products or resources, and regulation and governmental controls. This may cause the Fund to underperform other investment vehicles that invest in different asset classes.
- **Concentration Risk.** The Fund may be susceptible to an increased risk of loss, including losses due to adverse events that affect the Fund’s investments more than the market as a whole, to the extent that the Fund’s investments are concentrated in a particular issue, issuer or issuers, country, market segment, or asset class.
- **Cyber Security Risk.** With the increased use of technologies such as the internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security and related risks. In general, cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber-attacks include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorized access to digital systems (e.g., through “hacking” or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data, or causing operational disruption. Cyber-attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorized access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks on websites (i.e., efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users). Cyber security failures or breaches by the Adviser and other service providers (including, but not limited to, the Fund’s accountant, custodian, transfer agent and administrator), and the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests, have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund’s ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of Fund shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. The use of artificial intelligence and machine learning could exacerbate these risks. While the Adviser has established business continuity plans in the event of, and risk management systems to prevent, such cyber-

attacks, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified. Furthermore, the Fund cannot control the cyber security plans and systems put in place by service providers to the Fund and issuers in which the Fund invests. The Fund and shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

- **Duration Risk.** Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a debt security or portfolio to interest rate changes. Duration risk is the risk that longer-duration debt securities are more volatile and thus more likely to decline in price, and to a greater extent, than shorter-duration debt securities, in a rising interest-rate environment. “Effective duration” attempts to measure the expected percentage change in the value of a bond or portfolio resulting from a change in prevailing interest rates. The change in the value of a bond or portfolio can be approximated by multiplying its duration by a change in interest rates. For example, if a bond has an effective duration of three years, a 1% increase in general interest rates would be expected to cause the bond’s value to decline about 3% while a 1% decrease in general interest rates would be expected to cause the bond’s value to increase 3%. The duration of a debt security may be equal to or shorter than the full maturity of a debt security.
- **Fixed-Income Market Risk.** The market value of a fixed-income security may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The fixed-income securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates). During periods of reduced market liquidity, the Fund may not be able to readily sell fixed-income securities at prices at or near their perceived value. If the Fund needed to sell large blocks of fixed-income securities to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the prices of such securities. An unexpected increase in the Fund’s redemption requests, including requests from shareholders who may own a significant percentage of the Fund’s Shares, which may be triggered by market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the Fund to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the Fund’s share price and increase the Fund’s liquidity risk, expenses and/or taxable distributions. Economic and other market developments can adversely affect fixed-income securities markets. Regulations and business practices, for example, have led some financial intermediaries to curtail their capacity to engage in trading (i.e., “market making”) activities for certain fixed-income securities, which could have the potential to decrease liquidity and increase volatility in the fixed-income securities markets. Policy and legislative changes worldwide are affecting many aspects of financial regulation. The impact of these changes on the markets, and the practical implications for market participants, may not be fully known for some time.
- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk.** In seeking to track the Underlying Index, the Fund may incur high portfolio turnover. The active and frequent trading of the Fund’s portfolio securities may result in increased transaction costs to the Fund, including brokerage commissions, dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs, which could reduce the Fund’s return.
- **Income Risk.** The Fund’s income may decline if interest rates fall. This decline in income can occur because the Fund may subsequently invest in lower yielding bonds as bonds in its portfolio mature, are near maturity or are called, bonds in the Underlying Index are substituted, or the Fund otherwise needs to purchase additional bonds.
- **Index-Related Risk.** The Fund seeks to achieve a return that corresponds generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Underlying Index as published by the sponsor (Bloomberg Finance, L.P. or the “Index Provider”). There is no assurance that the Index Provider or any agents that may act on its behalf will compile the Underlying Index accurately, or that the Underlying Index will be determined, composed or calculated accurately. While the Index Provider provides descriptions of what the Underlying Index is designed to achieve, neither the Index Provider nor its agents provide any warranty or accept any liability in relation to the quality, accuracy or completeness of the Underlying Index or its related data, and they do not guarantee that the Underlying Index will be in line with the Index Provider’s methodology. The Fund’s strategies as described in this Prospectus are to manage the Fund consistently with the Underlying Index. The Fund does not provide any warranty or guarantee against the Index Provider’s or any agent’s errors. Errors in respect of the quality, accuracy and completeness of the data used to compile the Underlying Index may occur from time-to-time and may not be identified and corrected by the Index Provider for a period of time or at all, particularly where the Underlying Index is less commonly used as a benchmark by funds or managers. Such errors may negatively or positively impact the Fund and its shareholders. For example, during a period where the Underlying Index contains incorrect constituents, the Fund would have market exposure to such constituents and would be underexposed to the Underlying Index’s other constituents. Shareholders should understand that any gains from Index Provider errors will be kept by the Fund and its shareholders and any losses or costs resulting from Index Provider errors will be borne by the Fund and its shareholders.

Unusual market conditions may cause the Index Provider to postpone a scheduled rebalance to the Underlying Index, which could cause the Underlying Index to vary from its normal or expected composition. The postponement of a scheduled rebalance in a time of market volatility could mean that constituents of the Underlying Index that would otherwise be removed at rebalance due to changes in market value, issuer credit ratings, or other reasons may remain, causing the performance and constituents of the Underlying Index to vary from those expected under normal conditions. Apart from scheduled rebalances, the Index Provider or its agents may carry out additional ad hoc rebalances to the Underlying Index due to reaching certain weighting constraints, unusual market conditions or corporate events or, for example, to correct an error in the selection of index constituents. When the Underlying Index is rebalanced and the Fund in turn rebalances its portfolio to attempt to increase the correlation between the Fund's portfolio and the Underlying Index, any transaction costs and market exposure arising from such portfolio rebalancing will be borne directly by the Fund and its shareholders. Therefore, errors and additional ad hoc rebalances carried out by the Index Provider or its agents to the Underlying Index may increase the costs to and the tracking error risk of the Fund.

- **Interest Rate Risk.** Interest rate risk is the risk of losses attributable to changes in interest rates. In general, if prevailing interest rates rise, the values of debt instruments tend to fall, and if interest rates fall, the values of debt instruments tend to rise. Changes in the value of a debt instrument usually will not affect the amount of income the Fund receives from it but will generally affect the value of your investment in the Fund. Changes in interest rates may also affect the liquidity of the Fund's investments in debt instruments. In general, the longer the maturity or duration of a debt instrument, the greater its sensitivity to changes in interest rates. The Fund is subject to the risk that the income generated by its investments may not keep pace with inflation. Actions by governments and central banking authorities can result in increases or decreases in interest rates, which may negatively affect the value of debt instruments held by the Fund, resulting in a negative impact on the Fund's performance and NAV. Any interest rate increases could cause the value of the Fund's investments in debt instruments to decrease. Rising interest rates may prompt redemptions from the Fund, which may force the Fund to sell investments at a time when it is not advantageous to do so, which could result in losses. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, result in heightened market volatility and detract from the Fund's performance to the extent the Fund is exposed to such interest rates. Additionally, under certain market conditions in which interest rates are low and the market prices for portfolio securities have increased, the Fund may have a very low or even negative yield. A low or negative yield would cause the Fund to lose money in certain conditions and over certain time periods. An increase in interest rates will generally cause the value of securities held by the Fund to decline, may lead to heightened volatility in the fixed-income markets and may adversely affect the liquidity of certain fixed-income investments, including those held by the Fund. Additionally, as a result of increasing interest rates, reserves held by banks and other financial institutions in bonds and other debt securities could face a significant decline in value relative to deposits and liabilities, which coupled with general economic headwinds resulting from a changing interest rate environment, creates liquidity pressures at such institutions. As a result, certain sectors of the credit markets could experience significant declines in liquidity, and it is possible that the Fund will not be able to manage this risk effectively.
- **Market Risk.** Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Fund's portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets, including fluctuation in interest rates, national and international economic conditions, and general equity market conditions. Economies and financial markets throughout the world have become interconnected, which increases the possibility that economic, financial or political events in one sector or region could have potentially adverse effects on global economies or markets. For example, Russia's military invasion of Ukraine, the responses and sanctions by other countries, and the potential for wider military conflicts or war, could continue to have adverse effects on regional and global economies, and may further strain global supply chains, and negatively affect global growth and inflation. Natural or environmental disasters or climate related events, such as earthquakes, fires, floods, hurricanes and tsunamis, and widespread disease, including pandemics and epidemics, have been and can be highly disruptive to economies and the markets. For example, the outbreak of an infectious respiratory illness caused by a novel coronavirus, known as COVID-19, and efforts to contain its spread, have resulted, and may continue to result in labor shortages, supply chain disruptions, lower consumer demand for certain products and services, and significant disruptions to economies and markets, adversely affecting individual companies, sectors, industries, interest rates and investor sentiment.
- **Operational Risk.** The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties, or other third parties, failed or inadequate processes or technology or systems failures. The Fund and the Adviser seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address significant operational risks.

- **Passive Investment Risk.** The Fund is not actively managed and the Adviser will not sell shares of a security due to current or projected underperformance of a security, industry, or sector, unless that security is removed from the Underlying Index or the selling of shares of that security is otherwise required upon a reconstitution of the Underlying Index as addressed in the Index methodology. The Fund invests in securities included in, or representative of securities included in, the Underlying Index, regardless of their investment merits. The Fund generally does not take defensive positions under any market conditions, including conditions that are adverse to the performance of the Fund.
- **Reinvestment Risk.** Reinvestment risk is the risk that income from the Fund's portfolio will decline if and when the Fund reinvests the proceeds from the disposition of portfolio securities at market interest rates that are below the portfolio's current earnings rate. A decline in income could negatively affect the market price of the Fund's Shares.
- **Reverse Repurchase Agreements Risk.** Reverse repurchase agreements involve the sale of securities held by the Fund subject to an agreement to repurchase them at a mutually agreed upon date and price (including interest). The Fund may enter these transactions when the Adviser expects the return to be earned from the investment of the transaction proceeds to be greater than the interest expense of the transaction. Reverse repurchase agreements may also be entered into as a temporary measure for emergency purposes or to meet redemption requests.

Reverse repurchase agreements are a form of secured borrowing and subject the Fund to the risks associated with leverage, including exposure to potential gains and losses in excess of the amount invested, resulting in an increase in the speculative character of the Fund's outstanding Shares. If the securities held by the Fund decline in value while these transactions are outstanding, the NAV of the Fund's outstanding Shares will decline in value by proportionately more than the decline in value of the securities. In addition, reverse repurchase agreements involve the risk that the investment return earned by the Fund (from the investment of the proceeds) will be less than the interest expense of the transaction, that the market value of the securities sold by the Fund will decline below the price the Fund is obligated to pay to repurchase the securities, and that the other party may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all.

When the Fund enters into a reverse repurchase agreement, it is subject to the risk that the buyer under the agreement may file for bankruptcy, become insolvent or otherwise default on its obligations to the Fund. In the event of a default by the counterparty, there may be delays, costs and risks of loss involved in the Fund's exercising its rights under the agreement, or those rights may be limited by other contractual agreements or obligations or by applicable law. Such an insolvency may result in a loss equal to the amount by which the value of the securities or other assets sold by the Fund exceeds the repurchase price payable by the Fund; if the value of the purchased securities or other assets increases during such a delay, that loss may also be increased. The Fund could lose money if it is unable to recover the securities or if the value of investments made by the Fund using the proceeds of the transaction is less than the value of securities. When the Fund enters into a reverse repurchase agreement, it must identify on its books cash or liquid assets that have a value equal to or greater than the repurchase price.

- **Risk of Investing in the United States.** A decrease in imports or exports, changes in trade regulations, inflation and/or an economic recession in the US may have a material adverse effect on the US economy and the securities listed on US exchanges. Proposed and adopted policy and legislative changes in the US are changing many aspects of financial, commercial, public health, environmental, and other regulation and may have a significant effect on US markets generally, as well as on the value of certain securities. Governmental agencies project that the US will continue to maintain elevated public debt levels for the foreseeable future. Although elevated debt levels do not necessarily indicate or cause economic problems, elevated public debt service costs may constrain future economic growth. Circumstances could arise that could prevent the timely payment of interest or principal on US government debt, such as reaching the legislative "debt ceiling." Such non-payment would result in substantial negative consequences for the US economy and the global financial system. If US relations with certain countries deteriorate, it could adversely affect US issuers, as well as non-US issuers that rely on the US for trade. The US has also experienced increased internal unrest and discord. If these trends were to continue, it may have an adverse impact on the U.S. economy and the issuers in which the Fund invests.
- **Securities Lending Risk.** The Fund may seek to increase its income by lending portfolio securities to institutions, such as certain broker-dealers. Portfolio securities loans are secured continuously by collateral maintained on a current basis at an amount at least equal to the market value of the securities loaned. The value of the securities loaned by the Fund will not exceed 33 1/3% of the value of the Fund's total assets. The Fund may experience a loss or delay in the recovery of its securities if the borrowing institution breaches its agreement with the Fund. Lending the Fund's portfolio securities involves the risk of delay in receiving additional collateral if the value of the securities goes up while they are on loan. The Fund may lose money from securities lending if, for example, it is delayed in or prevented from selling the collateral or from recovering the securities loaned or if it incurs losses on the reinvestment of cash collateral.

- **Tracking Error Risk.** The Fund may be subject to tracking error, which is the divergence of the Fund's performance from that of the Underlying Index. Tracking error may occur because of differences between the securities and other instruments held in the Fund's portfolio and those included in the Underlying Index, pricing differences, transaction costs incurred by the Fund, the Fund's holding of uninvested cash, differences in timing of the accrual of or the valuation of distributions, the requirements to maintain pass-through tax treatment, portfolio transactions carried out to minimize the distribution of capital gains to shareholders, acceptance of custom baskets, changes to the Underlying Index or the costs to the Fund of complying with various new or existing regulatory requirements. This risk may be heightened during times of increased market volatility or other unusual market conditions. Tracking error also may result because the Fund incurs fees and expenses, while the Underlying Index does not.
- **Underlying Funds Risk.** Investing in Underlying Funds may result in duplication of expenses, including advisory fees, in addition to the Fund's own expenses. The risk of owning an Underlying Fund generally reflects the risks of owning the underlying investments the Underlying Fund holds. The Fund may incur brokerage fees in connection with its purchase of ETF shares. When the Fund invests in an Underlying Fund, the Fund will be subject to substantially the same risks as those associated with the direct ownership of securities comprising the Underlying Fund or index on which the ETF is based and the value of the Fund's investments will fluctuate in response to the performance and risks of the underlying investments or index. In addition to the brokerage costs associated with the Underlying Fund's purchase and sale of the underlying securities, ETFs incur fees that are separate from those of the Fund. As a result, the Fund's shareholders will indirectly bear a proportionate share of the operating expenses of the ETFs, in addition to Fund expenses. The 1940 Act and the related rules and regulations adopted thereunder impose conditions on investment companies that invest in other investment companies. Section 12(d)(1)(A) of the 1940 Act prohibits a fund from (i) acquiring more than 3% of the voting shares of any one investment company, (ii) investing more than 5% of its total assets in any one investment company, and (iii) investing more than 10% of its total assets in all investment companies combined. Rule 12d1-4 under the 1940 Act permits registered investment companies to acquire securities of another investment company in excess of these amounts subject to certain conditions, including limits on control and voting of acquired funds' shares, evaluations and findings by investment advisers, fund investment agreements, and limits on most three-tier fund structures.
- **U.S. Government Obligations Risk.** While US treasury obligations are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the US government, such securities are nonetheless subject to risk. US government obligations are subject to low but varying degrees of credit risk and are still subject to interest rate and market risk. From time to time, uncertainty regarding congressional action to increase the statutory debt ceiling could: i) increase the risk that the US government may default on payments on certain U.S. government securities; ii) cause the credit rating of the US government to be downgraded or increase volatility in both stock and bond markets; iii) result in higher interest rates; iv) reduce prices of US Treasury securities; and/or v) increase the costs of certain kinds of debt. US government obligations may be adversely affected by a default by, or decline in the credit quality of, the US government. In the past, US sovereign credit has experienced downgrades, and there can be no guarantee that it will not be downgraded in the future. Further, if a US government-sponsored entity is negatively impacted by legislative or regulatory action, is unable to meet its obligations, or its creditworthiness declines, the performance of the Fund will be adversely impacted.

Additional Information About Non-Principal Risks of the Fund. This section provides additional information regarding certain non-principal risks of investing in the Fund. The risks listed below could have a negative impact on the Fund's performance and trading prices.

- **Large Shareholder and Large-Scale Redemption Risk.** Certain shareholders, including a third-party investor, the Fund's Adviser or an affiliate of the Fund's Adviser, a market maker, or another entity, may from time-to-time own or manage a substantial amount of Fund Shares or may invest in the Fund and hold their investment for a limited period of time. These shareholders may also pledge or loan Fund Shares (to secure financing or otherwise), which may result in the Shares becoming concentrated in another party. There can be no assurance that any large shareholder or large group of shareholders would not redeem their investment or that the size of the Fund would be maintained. Redemptions of a large number of Fund Shares by these shareholders may adversely affect the Fund's liquidity and net assets. To the extent the Fund permits redemptions in cash, these redemptions may force the Fund to sell portfolio securities when it might not otherwise do so, which may negatively impact the Fund's NAV, have a material effect on the market price of the Shares and increase the Fund's brokerage costs and/or accelerate the realization of taxable income and/or gains and cause the Fund to make taxable distributions to its shareholders earlier than the Fund otherwise would have. In addition, under certain circumstances, non-redeeming shareholders may be treated as receiving a disproportionately large taxable distribution during or with respect to such tax year. The Fund also may be required to sell its more liquid Fund investments to meet a large redemption, in which case the Fund's remaining assets may be less liquid, more volatile, and more difficult to price. To the extent these large shareholders transact in shares on the secondary market, such transactions may account for a large percentage of the trading

volume for the Shares of the Fund and may, therefore, have a material upward or downward effect on the market price of the Fund Shares. In addition, large purchases of Fund Shares may adversely affect the Fund's performance to the extent that the Fund is delayed in investing new cash and is required to maintain a larger cash position than it ordinarily would, diluting its investment returns.

- **Legal and Regulatory Change Risk.** The regulatory environment for investment companies is evolving, and changes in regulation may adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments and the Fund's ability to pursue its trading strategy. In addition, the securities markets are subject to comprehensive statutes and regulations. The SEC and other regulators and self-regulatory organizations and exchanges are authorized to take extraordinary actions in the event of market emergencies. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Fund could be substantial and adverse.
- **RIC Compliance Risk.** The Fund has elected to be, and intends to qualify each year for treatment as, a RIC under Subchapter M of Subtitle A, Chapter 1, of the Code. To continue to qualify for federal income tax treatment as a RIC, the Fund must meet certain source-of-income, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. If for any taxable year the Fund fails to qualify for the special federal income tax treatment afforded to RICs, all of the Fund's taxable income will be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates (without any deduction for distributions to its shareholders) and its income available for distribution will be reduced. Under certain circumstances, the Fund could cure a failure to qualify as a RIC, but in order to do so, the Fund could incur significant Fund-level taxes and could be forced to dispose of certain assets.
- **Temporary Investments.** The Fund may depart from its principal investment strategy in response to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions by taking a temporary defensive position (up to 100% of its assets) in all types of money market and short-term debt securities. If the Fund were to take a temporary defensive position, it may be unable for a time to achieve its investment objective.

Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

The Fund's entire portfolio holdings are publicly disseminated each day the Fund is open for business on the Fund's website, as specified in the Prospectus to be located at www.fminvest.com. The Fund's portfolio holdings also may be made available through financial reporting and news services or any other medium, including publicly available internet websites. Additional information regarding the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

The Board of the Company, of which the Fund is a series, is responsible for supervising the operations and affairs of the Fund. The Adviser is responsible for the daily management and administration of the Fund's operations.

Investment Adviser

The investment adviser for the Fund is F/m Investments LLC (the "Adviser"). The Adviser is located at 3050 K Street NW, Suite 201, Washington, DC 20007. The Adviser is a majority owned subsidiary of F/m Managers Group, LP, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of 1251 Capital, Inc., a financial services holding company. Three officers of the Company own an indirect, minority interest in the Adviser. Subject to the overall supervision of the Board, the Adviser manages the overall investment operations of the Fund in accordance with its investment objective and policies and formulates a continuing investment strategy for the Fund pursuant to the terms of investment advisory agreement between the Company and the Adviser (the "Advisory Agreement"). Under the terms of the Advisory Agreement, the Fund pays the Adviser a unitary management fee that is computed and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.15% of the Fund's average daily net assets during the month. From the unitary management fee, the Adviser pays most of the expenses of the Fund, including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, audit and other services. However, under the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is not responsible for interest expenses, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and other extraordinary costs such as litigation and other expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of business.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025, the Fund paid to the Adviser for its services, the following:

Fund	Advisory Fee Paid as of the fiscal year ended 8/31/25
F/m UST 3M Bill Fund	0.15%

A discussion regarding the Board's approval of the Fund's Advisory Agreement and the factors the Board considered with respect to its approval is available in the Fund's annual report to shareholders for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025.

The Adviser's Investment Management Team

Peter Baden, Alexander Morris, and Marcin Zdunek serve as the Fund's portfolio managers and are jointly responsible for the portfolio management decisions for the Fund.

Peter Baden

Peter Baden is the Managing Director, Director of Fixed Income Strategy of the Adviser, and Portfolio Manager for the firm's taxable bond strategies. Mr. Baden has over 25 years of investment management experience, encompassing portfolio management, mergers and acquisitions, financial institutions, and credit analysis. Prior to joining the Adviser in 2020, Mr. Baden joined a predecessor firm in 2005 to launch the firm's effort to build customized fixed income portfolios for high net-worth clients. Prior to joining the predecessor firm, Mr. Baden worked on the mergers and acquisitions team at Star Banc (now US Bancorp) acquiring and integrating multiple banks and savings and loan associations. In the trust department of Star Banc, he managed the REIT allocation for a mutual fund and analyzed US and international bank, insurance, and financial companies, as well as municipalities. Previously, at Pacholder Associates, Mr. Baden managed money market assets in multiple portfolios, and designed and developed proprietary portfolio systems and models for distressed companies, collateralized bond obligations, and legal settlement pools. Mr. Baden has extensive experience with resolution and liquidation for distressed portfolios including experience with the Resolution Trust Corporation.

Alexander Morris

Alexander Morris is the Chief Executive Officer of the Adviser. Mr. Morris has over 15 years of investment management experience, encompassing portfolio management, trading, mergers and acquisitions, financial institutions, and security analysis, and has served in a number of senior management roles for various financial institutions. He founded the Adviser in 2019 and has served in various executive capacities since its inception. Prior to founding the Adviser, Mr. Morris founded Rowhouse Capital Partners LLC, a boutique strategic advisory firm to financial institutions and previously served as in various capital markets and corporate development roles with Fortigent LLC ("Fortigent"), a family office services provider and asset manager, as well as with LPL Financial which acquired Fortigent in 2012. Prior to Fortigent, Mr. Morris served in various analysis roles for financial institutions.

Marcin Zdunek

Marcin Zdunek is the Managing Director, Head of Capital Markets & Portfolio Manager at the Adviser and is responsible for all aspects of trading and trade support. He joined the Adviser in November 2020 when his prior firm, First Western Capital Management ("First Western"), was acquired. Prior to joining First Western in 2007, Mr. Zdunek was a Supervisor in Fixed Income and Equity Trading at AIG Global Investment Group. Mr. Zdunek's prior positions included Senior Fixed Income Trade Support Specialist at Alliance Capital Management and a Fixed Income Associate/ Supervisor at Morgan Stanley.

The SAI provides additional information about the compensation of each Portfolio Manager, other accounts managed by them, and their ownership of Shares of the Fund.

HOW TO BUY AND SELL SHARES

Share Class Overview

This Prospectus offers Institutional Class Shares, a mutual fund class of shares. The Fund also offers ETF Class Shares (an exchange-traded class of shares) through a separate prospectus. The Fund's ETF Class Shares are listed on a national securities exchange and, unlike mutual fund shares, are not individually redeemable. All share classes offered by the Fund have the same investment objective, strategies, and policies. However, to the extent that different share classes have different expenses, their investment returns may differ. The Fund's ETF Class Shares are not a mutual fund product.

There is no exchangeability or convertibility between the Fund's share classes. The Fund's Institutional Class Shares may not be exchanged for or converted into ETF Class Shares, and the Fund's ETF Class Shares may not be exchanged or converted into Institutional Class Shares.

As of the date of this Prospectus, Institutional Class Shares of the Fund are available only at the discretion of the Fund and the Adviser. The Fund or the Adviser may reject any purchase order for any reason.

Multi-Class ETF Fund Structure and Related Risks

The Adviser and the Fund have obtained an exemptive order from the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) that permits the Fund to offer an exchange-traded share class that operates as an ETF and one or more mutual fund share classes that operate(s) as a mutual fund (a “Multi-Class ETF Fund”) (the “Order”). The Fund began operating as a Multi-Class ETF Fund, with two share classes, effective February 10, 2026. Under this structure, the Fund’s ETF Class Shares are listed and traded on a national securities exchange and are generally bought and sold at market-determined prices, while the Fund’s Institutional Class Shares are purchased and redeemed at the Fund’s NAV next determined after receipt of the order.

Due to the structural and operational differences of mutual funds and ETFs, shareholders of a Multi-Class ETF Fund’s mutual fund class(es) and ETF class will have differing shareholder rights with respect to exchange privileges, how shares are purchased and redeemed, the timing of dividend declarations and payments, and the timing and ability to automatically reinvest dividends. In addition, because all of the classes of a Multi-Class ETF Fund are invested in the same portfolio of securities, transactions through one class could generate portfolio transaction costs and tax consequences for shareholders in other classes. For example, shareholders of the Fund’s ETF Class Shares could experience greater portfolio transaction costs and taxable capital gains distributions as a result of shareholder purchases and redemptions through the Fund’s Institutional Class Shares, as well as costs due to cash drag associated with the Fund holding the cash necessary to satisfy redemptions of the Institutional Class Shares. At the same time, shareholders of all classes of a Multi-Class ETF Fund might benefit from cost savings and economies of scale to the extent that the multiple classes draw additional assets to the Multi-Class ETF Fund.

A Multi-Class ETF Fund also is required to comply with certain requirements of Rule 6c-11 under the 1940 Act in order to permit ETF operations, which are requirements that do not normally apply to a mutual fund. For example, the Fund is required to provide daily transparency of its holdings, which has the potential to make the Fund more susceptible to front running than a traditional mutual fund that does not operate as a Multi-Class ETF Fund and provides more limited public disclosure of portfolio holdings. Also, unlike a traditional mutual fund, a Multi-Class ETF Fund may not have the same flexibility to close the Fund to new purchases.

The Fund’s ETF Class Shares operate as an “exchange-traded fund” in compliance with the requirements of Rule 6c-11 under the 1940 Act, except that the Fund lists only one class of its shares on an exchange and may, although it does not now, offer an exchange privilege.

The Fund’s utilization of this structure is subject to terms and conditions set forth in the Order that are designed to ensure that the Adviser and the Board focus on the structure and related risks on an initial and ongoing basis. The conditions of the Order include that the Board, and a majority of the independent trustees, of the Fund approve (initially, and at least annually thereafter) operation of the Fund pursuant to a multiple-class plan adopted pursuant to Rule 18f-3 under the 1940 Act, based on a finding that the plan is in the best interests of each mutual fund class and the ETF class individually, and in the best interests of the Fund as a whole. The Fund complies with Rule 18f-3 under the 1940 Act except to the extent that the Fund’s ETF Class Shares and Institutional Class Shares have different rights and obligations as described in this Prospectus and the SAI.

In considering the appropriateness of operating the Fund as a Multi-Class ETF Fund, the Board initially considered, and will consider on an ongoing basis going forward, current and historical information provided by the Adviser regarding, among other matters as specified in the Order, potential costs savings and other benefits, as well as conflicts of interest, related to operating as a Multi-Class ETF Fund, and the appropriateness of the Fund’s investment strategy for the structure. Pursuant to a process approved by the Board, the Adviser will measure and report to the Board regarding the Fund’s performance against thresholds for costs associated with portfolio transactions, cash levels, and capital gains distributions. The Adviser’s Board-approved ongoing monitoring and reporting process is designed to assist in the identification and mitigation of any issues related to operating as a Multi-Class ETF Fund and any material conflicts of interest arising between the Fund’s Institutional Class Shares and ETF Class Shares, including disparities in costs between the Institutional Class Shares, on the one hand, and the ETF Class Shares, on the other.

The Multi-Class ETF Fund structure is not expected to materially affect the Fund’s overall cash levels or to materially increase the cost to the Adviser of managing the Fund. Similarly, the difference in dividend declaration dates between the Fund’s Institutional Class Shares and ETF Class Shares is not expected to have a material economic impact on either class of shares and the Multi-Class ETF Fund structure is not expected to advantage or disadvantage either share class with respect to unrealized capital gains/losses or carry-over capital losses. There is no difference in the unitary management fee paid by the two share classes. The Fund’s Institutional Class Shares do not pay any fees specific to mutual funds, such as distribution fees pursuant to a plan of distribution adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act, and there is currently no exchangeability or convertability between Institutional Class Shares and ETF Class Shares. The Fund’s transition to a Multi-Class ETF Fund structure is not expected to present material

cross-subsidization or other conflict of interest issues. Further, because the Fund's highly liquid investment strategy is focused on US Treasury securities, daily disclosure of portfolio holdings is not expected to be problematic and no material front-running or information-asymmetry risk is expected.

Additional information about the Order and how the Fund's mutual fund class shares (Institutional Class Shares) differ from the Fund's exchange-traded class shares (ETF Class Shares) is available on the Fund's website at www.fminvest.com.

Determination of Net Asset Value

Shares of the Fund are priced at their net asset value ("NAV") as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NAV} = & \text{Value of Assets Attributable to the Class} \\ & - \text{Value of Liabilities Attributable to the same Class} \\ & \text{Number of Outstanding Shares of the Class} \end{aligned}$$

The Fund's NAV is calculated at different times for the ETF Class Shares and the Institutional Class Shares. For the ETF Class Shares, the Fund's NAV is calculated twice per day: first at 12:00 p.m. Eastern Time, and second at the regularly scheduled close of regular trading of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time), each day the NYSE is open for business. For the Fund's Institutional Class Shares, the Fund's NAV is calculated at the regularly scheduled close of regular trading of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time), each day the NYSE is open for business. The NYSE is generally open Monday through Friday, except national holidays. The NYSE also may be closed on national days of mourning or due to natural disaster or other extraordinary events or emergency. The Fund will effect purchases of Shares at the NAV next calculated after receipt by the Transfer Agent of your purchase order in good order. The Fund will effect redemptions of Shares at the NAV next calculated after receipt by the Fund's Transfer Agent of your redemption request in good order as described below.

In calculating its NAV, the Fund generally values its assets on the basis of market quotations, last sale prices, or estimates of value furnished by a pricing service or brokers who make markets in such instruments. If such information is not available for a security held by the Fund or is determined to be unreliable, the security will be valued at fair value estimates by the Fund's Valuation Designee (defined below), under guidelines established by the Board.

Equity securities held by the Fund that are listed on any national or foreign exchange market system will be valued at the last sale price, except for the National Association of Securities Dealers Automatic Quotation System ("NASDAQ"). Equity securities listed on the NASDAQ will be valued at the official closing price. Equity securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at their closing prices. If there were no transactions on that day, equity securities will be valued at the mean of the last bid and ask prices prior to the market close. Fixed-income securities are valued using an independent pricing service, which considers such factors as security prices, yields, maturities and ratings, and are deemed representative of market value at the close of the market. Foreign securities, currencies and other securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the exchange rate of such currencies against the US dollar provided by a pricing service. All assets denominated in foreign currencies will be converted into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates in effect at the time of valuation. If the Fund holds foreign equity securities, the calculation of the Fund's NAV will not occur at the same time as the determination of the value of the foreign equities securities in the Fund's portfolio, since these securities are traded on foreign exchanges.

Investments in other open-end investment companies are valued based on the NAV of those investment companies (which may use fair value pricing as discussed in their prospectuses).

The Board has adopted a pricing and valuation policy for use by each Fund and its Valuation Designee in calculating the Fund's NAV. Pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act, each Fund has designated the Adviser as its "Valuation Designee" to perform all of the fair value determinations as well as to perform all of the responsibilities that may be performed by the Valuation Designee in accordance with Rule 2a-5. The Valuation Designee is authorized to make all necessary determinations of the fair values of portfolio securities and other assets for which market quotations are not readily available or if it is deemed that the prices obtained from brokers and dealers or independent pricing services are unreliable. Relying on prices supplied by pricing services or dealers or using fair valuation involves the risk that the values used by the Fund to price its investments may be higher or lower than the values used by other investment companies and investors to price the same investments.

Market Timing

In accordance with the policy adopted by its Board, the Company discourages and does not accommodate market timing and other excessive trading practices for the Fund's Institutional Class Shares. Purchases should be made with a view to longer-term investment only. Excessive short-term (market timing) trading practices may disrupt portfolio management strategies, increase

brokerage and administrative costs, harm the Fund's performance and result in dilution in the value of Institutional Class Shares held by long-term shareholders. The Company and the Adviser reserve the right to (i) reject a purchase or exchange order, (ii) delay payment of immediate cash redemption proceeds for up to seven (7) calendar days, (iii) revoke a shareholder's privilege to purchase Institutional Class Shares (including exchanges), or (iv) limit the amount of any exchange involving the purchase of Institutional Class Shares. An investor may receive notice that their purchase order or exchange has been rejected after the day the order is placed or after acceptance by a financial intermediary. It is currently expected that a shareholder would receive notice that its purchase order or exchange has been rejected within 48 hours after such purchase order or exchange has been received by the Company in good order. The Company and the Adviser will not be liable for any loss resulting from rejected purchase orders. To minimize harm to the Company and its shareholders (or the Adviser), the Company (or the Adviser) will exercise its right if, in the Company's (or the Adviser's) judgment, an investor has a history of excessive trading or if an investor's trading, in the judgment of the Company (or the Adviser), has been or may be disruptive to the Fund. No waivers of the provisions of the policy established to detect and deter market timing and other excessive trading activity are permitted that would harm the Fund and/or its shareholders or would subordinate the interests of the Fund and/or its shareholders to those of the Adviser or any affiliated person or associated person of the Adviser.

Pursuant to the policy adopted by the Board, the Adviser has developed criteria that it uses to identify trading activity that may be excessive. The Adviser reviews on a periodic basis available information related to the trading activity in the Fund's Institutional Class Shares in order to assess the likelihood that the Fund may be the target of excessive trading. As part of its excessive trading surveillance process, the Adviser, on a periodic basis, examines transactions that exceed certain monetary thresholds or numerical limits within a period of time. If, in its judgment, the Adviser detects excessive, short-term trading, it may reject or restrict a purchase request and may further seek to close an investor's account with the Fund. The Adviser may modify its surveillance procedures and criteria from time to time without prior notice regarding the detection of excessive trading or to address specific circumstances. The Adviser will apply the criteria in a manner that, in its judgment, will be uniform.

If necessary, the Company may prohibit additional purchases of Institutional Class Shares by a financial intermediary or by certain customers of the financial intermediary. Financial intermediaries may also monitor their customers' trading activities in the Institutional Class Shares of the Fund. The criteria used by intermediaries to monitor for excessive trading may differ from the criteria used by the Company. If a financial intermediary fails to enforce the Company's excessive trading policies, the Company may take certain actions, including terminating the relationship.

There is no assurance that the Fund will be able to identify market timers, particularly if they are investing through intermediaries.

Purchase of Institutional Class Shares

Shares representing interests in the Fund are offered continuously for sale by Quasar Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor").

General. You may also purchase Shares of the Fund at the NAV per Share next calculated after your order is received by the Transfer Agent in good order as described below. The Fund's NAV is calculated at the regularly scheduled close of regular trading of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time), each day the NYSE is open for business. After an initial purchase is made, the Transfer Agent will set up an account for you on the Company records. The minimum initial investment is \$10,000 and the subsequent investment minimum is \$1,000. Institutional Class Shares are available only to institutional investors and certain broker dealers and financial institutions that have entered into appropriate arrangements with the Fund. These arrangements are generally limited to discretionary managed, asset allocation, eligible retirement plan or wrap products offered by broker-dealers and financial institutions. Shareholders participating in these programs may be charged fees by their broker-dealer or financial institution. The Fund may accept initial investments of smaller amounts in its sole discretion. You can purchase Shares of the Fund only on days the NYSE is open and through the means described below.

Purchases Through Intermediaries. Shares of the Fund may also be available through Service Organizations. Certain features of the Shares, such as the initial and subsequent investment minimums and certain trading restrictions, may be modified or waived by Service Organizations. Service Organizations may impose minimum investment requirements. Service Organizations may also impose transaction or administrative charges or other direct fees, which charges and fees would not be imposed if Shares are purchased directly from the Company. Therefore, you should contact the Service Organization acting on your behalf concerning the fees (if any) charged in connection with a purchase or redemption of Shares and should read this Prospectus in light of the terms governing your accounts with the Service Organization. Service Organizations will be responsible for promptly transmitting client or customer purchase and redemption orders to the Company in accordance with their agreements with the Company or its agent and with clients or customers.

Service Organizations or, if applicable, their designees that have entered into agreements with the Company or its agent, may enter confirmed purchase orders on behalf of clients and customers, with payment to follow no later than the Company's pricing on the following business day. If payment is not received by such time, the Service Organization could be held liable for resulting fees or losses. The Company will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when a Service Organization, or, if applicable, its authorized designee, accepts a purchase or redemption order in good order if the order is actually received by the Company in good order not later than the next business morning. If a purchase order is not received by the Fund in good order, the Transfer Agent will contact the financial intermediary to determine the status of the purchase order. Orders received by the Company in good order will be priced at the Fund's NAV next computed after such orders are deemed to have been received by the Service Organization or its authorized designee.

For administration, sub-accounting, transfer agency and/or other services, the Adviser, the Distributor or their affiliates may pay Service Organizations and certain recordkeeping organizations a fee (the "Service Fee") relating to the average annual NAV of accounts with the Company maintained by such Service Organizations or recordkeepers. The Service Fee payable to any one Service Organization is determined based upon a number of factors, including the nature and quality of services provided, the operations processing requirements of the relationship and the standardized fee schedule of the Service Organization or recordkeeper.

Shares may also be available on brokerage platforms of firms that have agreements with the Company to offer such Shares when acting solely on an agency basis for the purchase or sale of such Shares. If you transact in Institutional Class Shares through one of these programs, you may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.

Purchases By Telephone. Investors may purchase additional Shares of the Fund by calling (toll free) 1-800-292-6775. If you elected this option on your account application, and your account has been open for at least seven (7) business days, telephone orders will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your bank account through the Automated Clearing House ("ACH") network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a purchase. If your order is received prior to 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, your Shares will be purchased at the NAV calculated on the day your order is placed.

Telephone trades must be received by or prior to market close for same day pricing. During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waits. Please allow sufficient time to place your telephone transaction.

Initial Investment By Mail. An account may be opened by completing and signing an account application and mailing it to the Transfer Agent at the address noted below, together with a check payable to the F/m U.S. Benchmark Series.

Regular Mail:

F/m U.S. Benchmark Series – Institutional Class Shares
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
P.O. Box 219252
Kansas City, MO 64121-9252

Overnight Mail:

F/m U.S. Benchmark Series – Institutional Class Shares
c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services
801 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 219252
Kansas City, MO 64105-1307

The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at the Transfer Agent's post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent of the Fund. Receipt of purchase orders or redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices.

All checks must be in U.S. Dollars drawn on a domestic bank. The Fund will not accept payment in cash or money orders. The Fund does not accept post-dated checks or any conditional order or payment. To prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, Treasury checks, credit card checks, traveler's checks or starter checks for the purchase of Shares.

Shares will be purchased at the NAV next computed after the time the application and funds are received in proper order and accepted by the Fund. The Transfer Agent will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any payment that is returned. It is the policy of the Fund not to accept applications under certain circumstances or in amounts considered disadvantageous to shareholders. The Fund reserves the right to reject any application.

Initial Investment By Wire. If you are making your first investment in the Fund, before you wire funds, the Transfer Agent must have a completed account application. You may mail or overnight deliver your account application to the Transfer Agent. Upon receipt of your completed account application, the Transfer Agent will establish an account for you. The account number assigned

will be required as part of the instruction that should be provided to your bank to send the wire. Your bank must include both the name of the Fund you are purchasing, the account number, and your name so that monies can be correctly applied. Your bank should transmit funds by wire to:

Wire Instructions:

U.S. Bank, National Association 777 East Wisconsin Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202
ABA #075000022

Credit:

U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC Account #112-952-137

For Further Credit to:

F/m U.S. Benchmark Series

Fund (shareholder registration)

(Shareholder account number)

Wired funds must be received prior to 4:00 p.m. Eastern time to be eligible for same day pricing. The Fund and U.S. Bank, N.A. are not responsible for the consequences of delays resulting from the banking or Federal Reserve wire system, or from incomplete wiring instructions.

Subsequent Investments By Wire. Before sending your wire, please contact the Transfer Agent to advise them of your intent to wire funds. This will ensure prompt and accurate credit upon receipt of your wire.

Telephone Purchase. Investors may purchase additional Shares of the Fund by calling 1-800-292-6775. If you did not decline this option on your account application, and your account has been open for at least seven (7) business days, telephone orders, in amounts of \$1,000 or more, will be accepted via electronic funds transfer from your bank account through the ACH network. You must have banking information established on your account prior to making a purchase. If your order is received prior to 4 p.m. Eastern time, your Shares will be purchased at the NAV calculated on the day your order is placed.

In order to arrange for telephone options after an account has been opened or to change your bank account, a written request must be sent to the Transfer Agent. The request must be signed by each shareholder of the account and may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other form of signature authentication from a financial institution source.

Additional Investments. To make additional investments once you have opened your account, write your account number on the check and send it together with the Invest by Mail form from your most recent confirmation statement received from the Transfer Agent. If you do not have the Invest by Mail form, include the Fund name, your name, address, and account number on a separate piece of paper along with your check. Initial and additional purchases made by check or electronic funds transfer (ACH) cannot be redeemed until payment of the purchase has been collected. This may take up to fifteen (15) calendar days from the purchase date. Shareholders can avoid this delay by utilizing the wire purchase option.

Automatic Investment Plan. Once your account has been opened with the initial minimum investment, you may make additional purchases at regular intervals through an automatic investment plan (the "Automatic Investment Plan"). The Automatic Investment Plan provides a convenient method to have monies deducted from your bank account, for investment into a particular Fund, on a monthly or quarterly basis. In order to participate in the Automatic Investment Plan, each purchase must be in the amount of \$250 or more, and your financial institution must be a member of the ACH network. If your bank rejects your payment, the Fund's transfer agent will charge a \$25 fee to your account. To begin participating in the Automatic Investment Plan, please complete the Automatic Investment Plan section on the account application or call the Fund's Transfer Agent at 800-292-6775 for instructions. Any request to change or terminate your Automatic Investment Plan should be submitted to the Transfer Agent five (5) days prior to the date that you want it to become effective.

Retirement Plans/IRA Accounts. The Fund offers prototype documents for a variety of retirement accounts for individuals and small businesses. Please call 1-800-292-6775 for information on:

- Individual Retirement Plan, including Traditional IRAs and Roth IRA
- Small Business Retirement Plans, including Simple IRAs and SEP IRAs
- Coverdell Education Savings Accounts

There may be special distribution requirements for a retirement account, such as required distributions or mandatory Federal income tax withholding. For more information, call the number listed above. You may be charged a \$15 annual account maintenance fee for each retirement account up to a maximum of \$30 annually and a \$25 fee for transferring assets to another custodian or for closing a retirement account.

Purchases in Kind. In certain circumstances, Shares of the Fund may be purchased “in kind” (i.e. in exchange for securities, rather than cash). The securities rendered in connection with an in-kind purchase must be liquid securities that are not restricted as to transfer and have a value that is readily ascertainable in accordance with the Company’s valuation procedures. Securities accepted by the Fund will be valued, as set forth in this Prospectus, as of the time of the next determination of NAV after such acceptance. The Shares of the Fund that are issued to an investor in exchange for the securities will be determined as of the same time. All dividend, subscription, or other rights that are reflected in the market price of accepted securities at the time of valuation become the property of the Fund and must be delivered to the Fund by the investor upon receipt from the issuer. The Fund will not accept securities in exchange for their Shares unless such securities are, at the time of the exchange, eligible to be held by the Fund and satisfy such other conditions as may be imposed by the Adviser or the Company. Purchases in-kind may result in the recognition of gain or loss for federal income tax purposes on the securities transferred to the Fund.

Other Purchase Information. The Company reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to suspend the offering of Shares of the Fund or to reject purchase orders when, in the judgment of management, such suspension or rejection is in the best interest of the Fund. The Adviser will monitor the Fund’s total assets and may, subject to Board approval, decide to close a Fund at any time to new investments or to new accounts due to concerns that a significant increase in the size of the Fund may adversely affect the implementation of the Fund’s strategy. The Adviser, subject to Board approval, may also choose to reopen the Fund to new investments at any time, and may subsequently close the Fund again should concerns regarding the Fund’s size recur. If the Fund closes to new investments, the Fund may be offered only to certain existing shareholders of the Fund and certain other persons who may be subject to cumulative, maximum purchase amounts, as follows:

- Persons who already hold Shares of the closed Fund directly or through accounts maintained by brokers by arrangement with the Adviser;
- Employees of the Adviser and their spouses, parents and children; and
- Directors of the Company.

Distributions to all shareholders of the closed Fund will continue to be reinvested unless a shareholder elects otherwise. The Adviser, subject to the Board’s discretion, reserves the right to implement other purchase limitations at the time of closing, including limitations on current shareholders.

Purchases of the Shares will be made in full and fractional Shares of a Fund calculated to four decimal places.

Certificates for Shares will not be issued.

Good Order. A purchase request is considered to be in good order when all necessary information is provided and all required documents are properly completed, signed and delivered (i.e., the purchase request includes the name of the Fund, the dollar amount of Shares to be purchased, your account application or investment stub, and a check payable to the Fund). Purchase requests not in good order may be rejected.

Customer Identification Program. In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, please note that the Transfer Agent will verify certain information on your account application as part of the Company’s Anti-Money Laundering Program. As requested on the account application, you must supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (e.g., partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you must also supply the identity of the beneficial owners. Mailing addresses containing only a P.O. Box will not be accepted. If you need additional assistance when completing your account application, please contact the Transfer Agent at 1-800-292-6775.

Applications without the required information, may not be accepted. After acceptance, to the extent permitted by applicable law or its customer identification program, the Company reserves the right (a) to place limits on transactions in any account until the identity of the investor is verified; or (b) to refuse an investment in a Company portfolio or to involuntarily redeem an investor’s Shares and close an account in the event that an investor’s identity is not verified. The Company and its agents will not be responsible for any loss in an investor’s account resulting from the investor’s delay in providing all required identifying information or from closing an account and redeeming an investor’s Shares in a Fund when an investor’s identity cannot be verified.

Redemption of Institutional Class Shares of the Fund

You may redeem Shares at the next NAV calculated after a redemption request is received by the Transfer Agent in good order. The Fund's NAV is calculated at the regularly scheduled close of regular trading of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time), each day the NYSE is open for business. You can redeem Shares of a Fund only on days the NYSE is open and through the means described below. You may redeem Shares of a Fund by mail, or, if you are authorized, by telephone. The value of Shares redeemed may be more or less than the purchase price, depending on the market value of the investment securities held by the Fund.

Redemption By Mail. Your redemption request should be addressed to F/m U.S. Benchmark Series, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, PO Box 219252, Kansas City, MO 64121-9252, or for overnight delivery to F/m U.S. Benchmark Series, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 219252, Kansas City, MO 64105-1307.

A signature guarantee, from either a Medallion program member or a non-Medallion program member, is required in the following situations:

- If ownership is being changed on your account;
- When a redemption is received by the Transfer Agent and the account address has changed within the last 15 calendar days;
- When redemption proceeds are payable or sent to any person, address or bank account not on record;
- For all redemptions in excess of \$100,000 from any shareholder account.

The Fund may waive any of the above requirements in certain instances. In addition to the situations described above, the Fund and/or the Transfer Agent reserve the right to require a signature guarantee in other instances based on the circumstances relative to the particular situation.

Non-financial transactions, including establishing or modifying certain services on an account, may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other acceptable form of authentication from a financial institution source.

Signature guarantees will generally be accepted from domestic banks, brokers, dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations, as well as from participants in the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Signature Program and the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program ("STAMP"). A notary public is not an acceptable signature guarantor.

The Fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or other independent delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, deposit in the mail or with such services, or receipt at the Transfer Agent's post office box, of purchase orders or redemption requests does not constitute receipt by the Transfer Agent of the Fund. Receipt of purchase orders or redemption requests is based on when the order is received at the Transfer Agent's offices.

Redemption By Telephone. If you did not decline telephone options on your account application, you may initiate a redemption of Shares in the amount up to the total value of the account by calling the Transfer Agent at 800-292-6775.

Investors may have a check sent to the address of record, proceeds may be wired to a shareholder's bank account of record, or funds may be sent via electronic funds transfer through the ACH network, also to the bank account of record. Wires are subject to a \$15 fee paid by the investor, but the investor does not incur any charge when proceeds are sent via the ACH system.

Once a telephone transaction has been placed, it cannot be canceled or modified after the close of regular trading on the NYSE (generally, 4:00 p.m., Eastern time).

In order to arrange for telephone options after an account has been opened or to change your bank account, a written request must be sent to the Transfer Agent. The request must be signed by each shareholder of the account and may require a signature guarantee, signature verification from a Signature Validation Program member, or other form of signature authentication from a financial institution source.

Telephone trades must be received by or prior to market close. During periods of high market activity, shareholders may encounter higher than usual call waits. Please allow sufficient time to place your telephone transaction.

Before executing an instruction received by telephone, the Transfer Agent will use reasonable procedures to confirm that the telephone instructions are genuine. The telephone call may be recorded and the caller may be asked to verify certain personal identification information. If the Fund or its agents follow these procedures, they cannot be held liable for any loss, expense or cost

arising out of any telephone redemption request that is reasonably believed to be genuine. This includes fraudulent or unauthorized requests. If an account has more than one owner or authorized person, the Fund will accept telephone instructions from any one owner or authorized person.

IRA and Other Retirement Plan Redemptions. If you have an IRA, you must indicate on your written redemption request whether or not to withhold federal income tax. Redemption requests failing to indicate an election to have tax withheld will be subject to 10% withholding.

Shares held in IRA accounts may be redeemed by telephone at 1-800-292-6775. Investors will be asked whether or not to withhold taxes from any distribution.

Other Redemption Information. Redemption proceeds for Shares of the Fund recently purchased by check or electronic funds transfer through the ACH network may not be distributed until payment for the purchase has been collected, which may take up to fifteen (15) calendar days from the purchase date. Shareholders can avoid this delay by utilizing the wire purchase option. Redemption proceeds will ordinarily be paid within seven (7) business days after a redemption request is received by the Transfer Agent in good order. The Company may suspend the right of redemption or postpone the date at times when the NYSE or the bond market is closed or under any emergency circumstances as determined by the SEC. The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests by paying out proceeds from cash or cash equivalent holdings, or by selling portfolio securities. In stressed market conditions, redemption methods may include redeeming in-kind.

If the Board determines that it would be detrimental to the best interests of the remaining shareholders of the Fund to make payment wholly or partly in cash, redemption proceeds may be paid in whole or in part by an in-kind distribution of readily marketable securities held by the Fund instead of cash in conformity with applicable rules of the SEC and the Company's Policy and Procedure Related to the Processing of In-Kind Redemptions. Investors generally will incur brokerage charges on the sale of portfolio securities so received in the payment of redemptions. If a shareholder receives redemption proceeds in-kind, the shareholder will bear the market risk of the securities received in the redemption until their disposition and should expect to incur transaction costs upon the disposition of the securities. The Company has elected, however, to be governed by Rule 18f-1 under the 1940 Act, so that the Fund is obligated to redeem its Shares solely in cash up to the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of their NAV during any ninety (90) day period for any one shareholder of the Fund.

Good Order. A redemption request is considered to be in good order when the redemption request includes the name of the Fund, the number of Shares or dollar amount to be redeemed, the account number, and signatures by all of the shareholders whose names appear on the account registration with a signature guarantee, if applicable. Redemption requests not in good order may be delayed.

Involuntary Redemption. Because the Fund incurs certain fixed costs in maintaining shareholder accounts, the Fund may require you to redeem all of your Shares in the Fund on thirty (30) days' written notice if the value of your Shares is less than the minimum investment requirement for Shares (due to redemption), or such other minimum amount as the Fund may determine from time-to-time. An involuntary redemption constitutes a sale. You should consult your tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of involuntary redemptions. You may increase the value of your Shares in the Fund to the minimum amount within the thirty (30) day period. In addition, all Shares of the Fund are subject to involuntary redemption if the Board of Directors determines to liquidate the Fund. An involuntary redemption will create a capital gain or a capital loss, which may have tax consequences about which you should consult your tax advisor.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS, AND TAXES

Dividends and Distributions

The Fund will distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net realized capital gains, if any, to its shareholders. The Fund expects to declare and pay distributions, if any, monthly, however it may declare and pay distributions more or less frequently. Net realized capital gains (including net short-term capital gains), if any, will be distributed by the Fund at least annually.

It is currently expected that the record date for dividends on Institutional Class Shares will be one (1) business day before the ex-dividend date, whereas, because they are traded on an exchange, the record date for dividends on ETF Class Shares will typically be on the ex-dividend date. The dividend rate for the Fund's ETF Class Shares will be announced after market close on the declaration date, which will typically be the record date for the dividend for the Fund's Institutional Class Shares. Typically, the dividend rate for ETF Class Shares will be announced after the point at which an investor could become a shareholder as of the record date for Institutional Class Shares.

The dividend payment date for Institutional Class Shares will typically be prior to the dividend payment date for ETF Class Shares. In other words, shareholders of the Fund's ETF Class Shares will typically receive any dividend payments later than shareholders of the Fund's Institutional Class Shares.

Dividend Reinvestment Service

Dividends of Institutional Class Shares of the Fund will be automatically reinvested in additional Institutional Class Shares at NAV. Currently, the Fund does not offer shareholders the option of electing to receive distribution and/or capital gains paid in cash. Holders of ETF Class Shares may participate in a dividend reinvestment plan to the extent their broker-dealers make available either a DTC book-entry dividend reinvestment plan and/or a broker-dealer sponsored dividend reinvestment plan.

Taxes

The following is a summary of certain United States federal income tax considerations relevant under current law, which may be subject to change in the future. Except where otherwise indicated, the discussion relates to investors who are individual United States citizens or residents. The following discussion does not purport to be a complete analysis of all relevant tax rules and considerations, nor does it purport to be a complete listing of all potential tax risks inherent in making an investment in the Fund. A shareholder may be subject to other taxes, including but not limited to, state and local taxes, estate and inheritance taxes, and intangible taxes that may be imposed by various jurisdictions. You should consult your tax adviser for further information regarding federal, state, local and/or foreign tax consequences relevant to your specific situation and your investment in Institutional Class Shares of the Fund ("Shares").

Distributions. The Fund contemplates distributing as dividends each year all or substantially all of its taxable income, including its net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss). Except as otherwise discussed below, you will be subject to federal income tax on Fund distributions even if they are reinvested in additional Shares and not paid in cash. Fund distributions attributable to short-term capital gains and net investment income will generally be taxable to you as ordinary income, except as discussed below.

Distributions attributable to the net capital gain of the Fund will be taxable to you as long-term capital gain, no matter how long you have owned your Shares. The maximum federal long-term capital gain rate applicable to individuals, estates, and trusts is currently 23.8% (which includes a 3.8% Medicare tax). You will be notified annually of the tax status of distributions to you.

Distributions of "qualifying dividends" will also generally be taxable to you at long-term capital gain rates, as long as certain requirements are met. In general, if 95% or more of the gross income of the Fund (other than net capital gain) consists of dividends received from domestic corporations or "qualified" foreign corporations ("qualifying dividends"), then all distributions paid by the Fund to individual shareholders will be taxed at long-term capital gains rates. But if less than 95% of the gross income of the Fund (other than net capital gain) consists of qualifying dividends, then distributions paid by the Fund to individual shareholders will be qualifying dividends only to the extent they are derived from qualifying dividends earned by the Fund. For the lower rates to apply, you must have owned your Fund Shares for at least sixty-one (61) days during the one hundred and twenty-one day (121-day) period beginning on the date that is sixty (60) days before the Fund's ex-dividend date (and the Fund will need to have met a similar holding period requirement with respect to the shares of the corporation paying the qualifying dividend). The amount of the Fund's distributions that qualify for this favorable treatment may be reduced as a result of the Fund's securities lending activities (if any), a high portfolio turnover rate or investments in debt securities or non-qualified foreign corporations.

Distributions from the Fund will generally be taxable to you in the taxable year in which they are paid, with one exception. Distributions declared by the Fund in October, November or December and paid in January of the following year are taxed as though they were paid on December 31.

A portion of distributions paid by the Fund to shareholders that are corporations may also qualify for the dividends-received deduction for corporations, subject to certain holding period requirements and debt financing limitations. The amount of the dividends qualifying for this deduction may, however, be reduced as a result of the Fund's securities lending activities (if any), by a high portfolio turnover rate or by investments in debt securities or foreign corporations.

If you purchase Shares just before a distribution, the purchase price will reflect the amount of the upcoming distribution, but you will be taxed on the entire amount of the distribution received, even though, as an economic matter, the distribution simply constitutes a return of capital. This adverse tax result is known as "buying into a dividend."

Sales of Shares. You will generally recognize taxable gain or loss for federal income tax purposes on a sale or redemption of your Shares based on the difference between your tax basis in the Shares and the amount you receive for them. Generally, you will recognize long-term capital gain or loss if you have held your Shares for over twelve (12) months at the time you dispose of them.

Any loss realized on Shares held for six (6) months or less will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends that were received on the Shares. Additionally, any loss realized on a disposition of Shares of the Fund may be disallowed under “wash sale” rules to the extent the Shares disposed of are replaced with other Shares of the Fund within a period of sixty-one (61) days beginning thirty (30) days before and ending thirty (30) days after the Shares are disposed of, such as pursuant to a dividend reinvestment in Shares of the Fund. If disallowed, the loss will be reflected in an upward adjustment to the basis of the Shares acquired.

The Fund (or relevant broker or financial adviser) is required to compute and report to the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) and furnish to Fund shareholders cost basis information when Shares are sold. The Fund has elected to use the average cost method, unless you instruct the Fund to use a different IRS-accepted cost basis method, or choose to specifically identify your Shares at the time of each sale. If your account is held by your broker or other financial adviser, they may select a different cost basis method. In these cases, please contact your broker or other financial adviser to obtain information with respect to the available methods and elections for your account. You should carefully review the cost basis information provided by the Fund and make any additional basis, holding period or other adjustments that are required when reporting these amounts on your federal and state income tax returns. Fund shareholders should consult with their tax advisers to determine the best IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation and to obtain more information about how the cost basis reporting requirements apply to them.

IRAs and Other Tax-Qualified Plans. The one major exception to the preceding tax principles is that distributions on, and sales and redemptions of, Shares held in an IRA (or other tax-qualified plan) will not be currently taxable unless such Shares were acquired with borrowed funds.

Backup Withholding. The Fund may be required in certain cases to withhold and remit to the IRS a percentage of taxable dividends or gross proceeds realized upon sale payable to shareholders who have failed to provide a correct tax identification number in the manner required, or who are subject to withholding by the IRS for failure to properly include on their return payments of taxable interest or dividends, or who have failed to certify to the Fund that they are not subject to backup withholding when required to do so or that they are “exempt recipients.” The current backup withholding rate is 24%.

U.S. Tax Treatment of Foreign Shareholders. Generally, nonresident aliens, foreign corporations and other foreign investors are subject to a 30% withholding tax on dividends paid by a US corporation, (or lower rate provided by an applicable treaty) to the extent of the Fund’s current and accumulated earnings and profits unless the distributions are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of a foreign shareholder. If the distributions are effectively connected with a US trade or business of a foreign shareholder, and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, attributable to a permanent establishment in the United States, the distributions will be subject to US federal income tax at the rates applicable to the US shareholder, and the Fund will not be required to withhold US federal tax if the foreign shareholder complies with applicable certification and disclosure requirements. Special certification requirements apply to a foreign shareholder that is a foreign partnership or a foreign trust, and such entities are urged to consult their tax advisers.

In the case of a regulated investment company such as the Fund, however, certain categories of dividends are exempt from the 30% withholding tax. These generally include dividends attributable to the Fund’s net capital gains (the excess of net long-term capital gains over net short-term capital losses), dividends attributable to the Fund’s “qualified net interest income” (generally, the Fund’s US-source interest income, other than certain contingent interest and interest from obligations of a corporation or partnership in which the Fund is at least a 10% shareholder, reduced by expenses that are allocable to such income) and dividends attributable to the Fund’s “qualified short-term capital gains” (generally, the excess of the Fund’s net short-term capital gain over its long-term capital loss for such taxable year). In order to qualify for this exemption from withholding, a foreign shareholder must comply with applicable certification requirements relating to its foreign shareholder status (including, in general, furnishing an IRS Form W-8BEN (for individuals), IRS Form W-8BEN-E (for entities) or an acceptable substitute or successor form). In the case of Shares held through an intermediary, the intermediary may withhold even if the Fund designates the payment as qualified net interest income or qualified short-term capital gain. Foreign shareholders should contact their intermediaries with respect to the application of these rules to their accounts.

Foreign shareholders will generally not be subject to US tax on gains realized on the sale or redemption of Shares in the Fund, except that a nonresident alien individual who is present in the United States for one hundred and eighty-three (183) days or more in a calendar year will be taxable on such gains and on capital gain dividends from the Fund.

However, if a foreign investor conducts a trade or business in the United States and the investment in the Fund is effectively connected with that trade or business (and, if an income tax treaty applies, are attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by the foreign shareholder in the United States), then the foreign investor’s income from the Fund will generally be subject to US federal income tax at graduated rates in a manner similar to the income of a US citizen or resident.

If the Fund distributes its net capital gains in the form of deemed rather than actual distributions, a foreign shareholder will be entitled to a US federal income tax credit or tax refund equal to the foreign shareholder's allocable share of the corporate-level tax the Fund pays on the capital gains deemed to have been distributed; however, in order to obtain the refund, the foreign shareholder must obtain a US taxpayer identification number and file a US federal income tax return even if the foreign shareholder would not otherwise be required to obtain a US taxpayer identification number or file a US federal income tax return.

For a corporate foreign shareholder, distributions (both cash and in Shares), and gains realized upon the sale or redemption of Shares that are effectively connected to a US trade or business may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a 30% rate (or at a lower rate if provided for by an applicable treaty).

The Fund will also generally be required to withhold 30% tax on certain payments to foreign entities that do not provide a Form W-8BEN-E that evidences their compliance with, or exemption from, specified information reporting requirements under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act.

All foreign investors should consult their own tax advisers regarding the tax consequences in their country of residence of an investment in a Fund.

Shares of the Fund have not been registered for sale outside of the United States and certain United States territories.

State and Local Taxes. You may also be subject to state and local taxes on income and gain from Fund Shares. State income taxes may not apply, however, to the portions of the Fund's distributions, if any, that are attributable to interest on US government securities. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the tax status of distributions in your state and locality.

More information about taxes is contained in the SAI.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Householding

In an effort to decrease costs, the Fund intends to reduce the number of duplicate Prospectuses and other similar documents you receive by sending only one (1) copy of each to those addresses shared by two or more accounts and to shareholders we reasonably believe are from the same family or household. Once implemented, if you would like to discontinue householding for your accounts, please call the Transfer Agent toll-free at 800-292-6775 to request individual copies of these documents. Once the Fund receives notice to stop householding, we will begin sending individual copies thirty (30) days after receiving your request. This policy does not apply to account statements.

Lost Shareholders, Inactive Accounts and Unclaimed Property

It is important that the Fund maintains a correct address for each shareholder. An incorrect address may cause a shareholder's account statements and other mailings to be returned to the Fund. Based upon statutory requirements for returned mail, the Fund will attempt to locate the shareholder or rightful owner of the account. If the Fund is unable to locate the shareholder, then it will determine whether the shareholder's account can legally be considered abandoned. Your mutual fund account may be transferred to the state government of your state of residence if no activity occurs within your account during the "inactivity period" specified in your state's abandoned property laws. The Fund is legally obligated to escheat (or transfer) abandoned property to the appropriate state's unclaimed property administrator in accordance with statutory requirements. The shareholder's last known address of record determines which state has jurisdiction. Please proactively contact the Transfer Agent at 800-292-6775 (toll free) at least annually to ensure your account remains in active status.

If you are a resident of the state of Texas, you may designate a representative to receive notifications that, due to inactivity, your mutual fund share class assets may be delivered to the Texas Comptroller. Please contact the Transfer Agent if you wish to complete a Texas Designation of Representative form.

Additional Information

The Fund enters into contractual arrangements with various parties, including, among others, the Fund's Adviser, who provides services to the Fund. Shareholders are not parties to, or intended (or "third party") beneficiaries of, those contractual arrangements.

The Prospectus and the SAI provide information concerning the Fund that you should consider in determining whether to purchase Institutional Class Shares of the Fund. The Fund may make changes to this information from time-to-time. Neither this Prospectus nor the SAI is intended to give rise to any contract rights or other rights in any shareholder, other than any rights conferred explicitly by federal or state securities laws that may not be waived.

NO PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS NOT CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR IN THE FUND'S SAI INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE, IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING MADE BY THIS PROSPECTUS AND, IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY OR ITS DISTRIBUTOR. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFERING BY THE COMPANY OR BY THE DISTRIBUTOR IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH SUCH OFFERING MAY NOT LAWFULLY BE MADE.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Institutional Class Shares of the Fund had not commenced operations prior to the date of this Prospectus and financial highlights are not yet available. The following financial highlights tables for the Fund's ETF Class Shares (an exchange-traded class not offered in this Prospectus) are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the period of its operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single ETF Class Share. Total returns in the tables represent the rate an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund's ETF Class Shares (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The financial information for the periods shown has been audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the annual report for the Fund's ETF Class Shares for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025, which is available upon request. The financial highlights tables on the following pages reflect selected per share data and ratios for a share outstanding of the Fund's ETF Class Shares throughout the applicable period.

The ETF Class Shares of the Fund would have substantially similar returns as the Institutional Class Shares because the shares are invested in the same portfolio securities. Returns for the ETF Class Shares and Institutional Class Shares will vary to the extent their expenses differ.

F/m UST 3M Bill Fund - ETF Class Shares	FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2025	FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024	FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023	FOR THE PERIOD ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022^(a)
PER SHARE DATA:				
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 50.04	\$ 50.06	\$ 49.80	\$ 49.75
INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:				
Net investment income ^(b)	2.14	2.61	2.49	0.09
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments ^(c)	0.03	— ^(d)	(0.29)	(0.04)
Total from investments operations	2.17	2.61	2.20	0.05
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS FROM:				
Net investment income	(2.20)	(2.63)	(1.94)	—
Total distributions	(2.20)	(2.63)	(1.94)	—
ETF transaction fees per share	0.00 ^(d)	—	—	—
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 50.01	\$ 50.04	\$ 50.06	\$ 49.80
TOTAL RETURN^{(e)(f)}	4.46%	5.37%	4.50%	0.10%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:				
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$5,921,402	\$4,104,507	\$1,776,583	\$ 38,844
Ratio of expenses to average net assets ^(g)	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets ^(g)	4.29%	5.21%	4.98%	2.61%
Portfolio turnover rate ^{(e)(h)}	0%	0%	0%	0%

(a) Inception date of the Fund was August 8, 2022.

(b) Net investment income per share has been calculated based on average shares outstanding during the periods.

(c) Realized and unrealized gains and losses per share in the caption are balancing amounts necessary to reconcile the change in net asset value per share for the periods, and may not reconcile with the aggregate gains and losses in the Statement of Operations due to share transactions for the periods.

(d) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share

(e) Not annualized for periods less than one year.

(f) Total investment return (loss) on net asset value is calculated assuming a purchase of shares on the first day and a sale of shares on the last day of each period reported and includes reinvestments of dividends and distributions, if any.

(g) Annualized for periods less than one year.

(h) Portfolio turnover rate excludes in-kind transactions.

INVESTMENT ADVISER

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TRANSFER AGENT**

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FOR MORE INFORMATION

For more information about the Fund, the following documents are available free upon request:

Annual/Semiannual Reports

Additional information about the Fund's investments is included in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. The annual report contains a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its most recently completed fiscal year. The Fund's annual reports and semi-annual reports to shareholders are available at www.fminvest.com or by calling 1-800-617-0004.

Statement of Additional Information

The SAI dated February 10, 2026, provides more details about the Fund and its policies. The current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated by reference into (and is legally a part of) this Prospectus.

TO OBTAIN INFORMATION

The SAI is available, without charge, upon request along with the semiannual and annual reports. To obtain a free copy of the SAI, semiannual or annual reports or if you have questions about the Fund:

By Internet

Go to www.fminvest.com.

By Telephone

Call 1-800-617-0004 or your securities dealer.

From the SEC

Information about the Fund (including the SAI) and other information about the Fund is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at www.sec.gov, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by sending an electronic request to publicinfo@sec.gov.

Investment Company Act File Number 811-05518